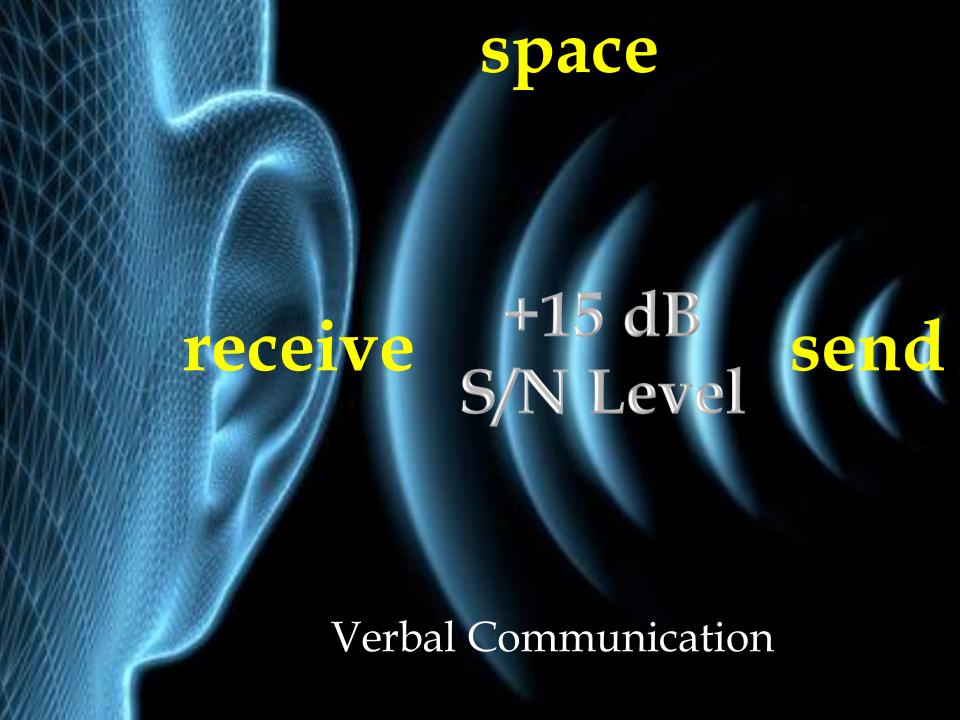
### William Go

Department of Audiology Yong Loo Lin School of Medicine, NUS

Noise research: Saving education, one classroom at a time

Thesis title: Noise level and Reverberation in Urban Singapore Preschool Classrooms



# ANSI 2010 Guidelines for Classroom Acoustics

- Classroom of less than 10,000 ft<sup>3</sup>
  - Maximum ambient sound level (unoccupied) of 35 dBA
  - Maximum reverberation times of 0.6 sec
  - Recommended minimum S/N level of +15 dB (normal hearing) & +20 dB (hearing impaired)

Many classrooms failed to meet the above criteria (Crandell, 1991; Crandell & Smaldino, 1994; Knecht et al., 2002)

## Profile of Preschool Learners (age 5 to 6)

- Poorer ability to fill in speech gaps than older kids
- Frequent hearing issues (e.g. ME infections, glued ears)
- More young kids diagnosed with special needs than before (e.g. hearing impairment)
- Loses attention easily
- Generates more noise than older kids
- Coincides with sensitive age period for SLA
- Requires strong foundation of literacy for P1 (bilingualism)

## Key question:

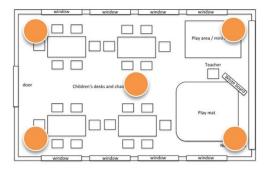
Do our preschool classrooms meet established acoustic standards in facilitating verbal communication between teacher and students?

## Study Hypotheses



- The mean reverberation time of Singapore's preschool classrooms is more than 0.6 s.
- The mean baseline ambient sound level of Singapore's preschool classrooms is more than 35 dBA.
- The mean signal to noise level of Singapore's preschool classrooms is poorer than +15 dB.
- The majority of measured preschool classrooms do not meet 2 out of 3 above acoustical parameters against ANSI (2010) recommendations on classroom acoustics.

### A. Test-Retest Reliability



- 5 measurement locations per room
- 3 measurements taken at each location

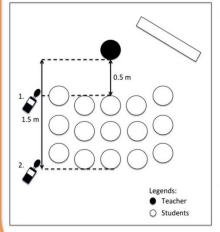
#### C. Classroom Reverberation

- For unoccupied room only
- Impulse test signal (balloon pop)
- Values recorded for 4 frequencies (500Hz, 1000Hz, 2000Hz, 4000Hz)
- Average to find "RT60"
- Compute with volume of classroom to find "Critical Distance"

#### B. Ambient Sound Level

- Unoccupied + HVAC ON
- Unoccupied + HVAC OFF
- Occupied + HVAC ON
- Occupied + HVAC OFF
- Short-term measurement (LAeq60s)
- Averaged to find "Ambient sound level"

#### D. Teacher's Speech Level

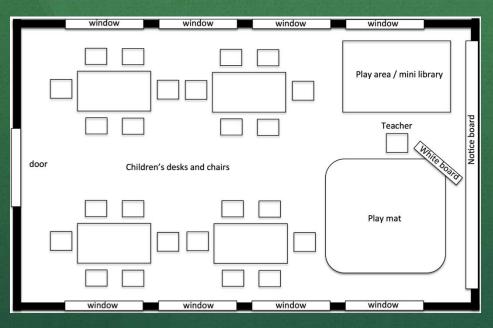


- Measured when teacher is addressing the class, and students are relatively quiet
- Three 10 sec timed samples

## General information of participating Preschool Centers

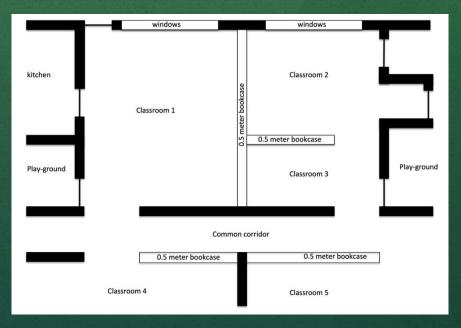
- 3 Preschool centers, built between 1989 to 2013
- 18 classrooms (12 open-plan, 6 enclosed)
- Mean height of classrooms: 2.7 m
- Mean volume of classrooms: 124 m<sup>3</sup> (4380 ft<sup>3</sup>)
- Mean number of students per class: 13.8 students
- All classrooms fitted with ceiling fans, have playgrounds nearby, main roads within 10 m
- Location of centers varies: Two standalone buildings, One under HDB void deck
- Conducts formal lessons for pre-nurseries, K1 and K2

### Floor plans of preschool classrooms



**Enclosed Layout** 

### Open-plan Layout



# Descriptive Statistics

Parameters measured	Average (dBA)
Ambient sound level: Leq60s (Unoccupied + HVAC OFF)	
Mean	50.8
SD	6.2
Range	41.7 - 64.5 dBA
Ambient sound level: Leq60s (Unoccupied + HVAC ON)	
Mean	56.9
SD	5.8
Range	44 - 66.9 dBA
Ambient sound level: Leq60s (Occupied + HVAC ON)	
Mean	67.8
SD	7.8
Range	55 - 79.5 dBA
Speech levels: Leq10s	
Mean	71.3
SD	3.4
Range	64.2 - 79.4 dBA
Speech-to-noise level (S/N level)	1
Mean	3.5
Range	-4.5 to 15.6 dB
Room reverberation (RT60), seconds	
Mean	0.9
SD	0.3
Range	0.4 to 1.3 s
*Note: SD = Standard deviation; HVAC = Heating, Ventilation or	Air-Con systems

## Comparison by countries

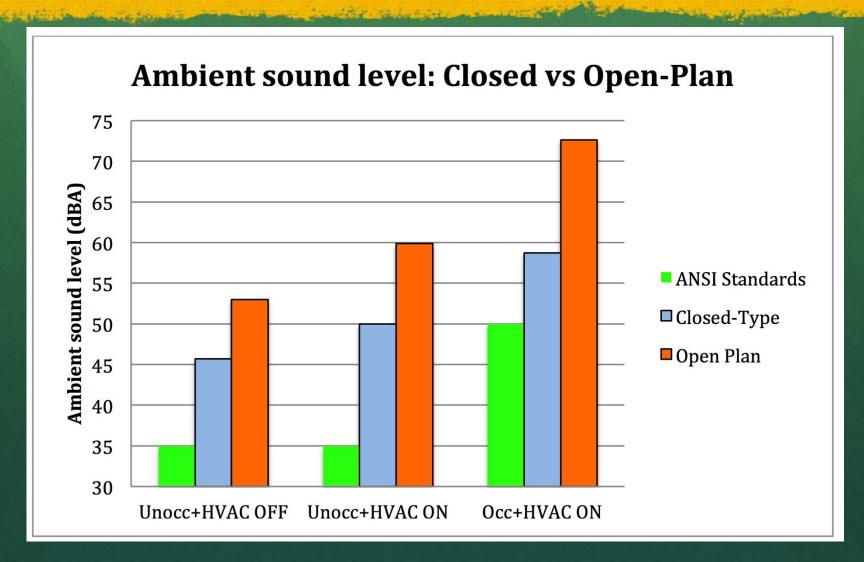
Countries	Ambient Noise	RT60	S/N level
Singapore	53 dBA (open-plan) 46 dBA (enclosed)	1.1 s (open-plan) 0.5 s (enclosed)	+0.2 dB (open-plan) +10.2 dB (enclosed)
Canada	59 dBA (enclosed)	0.35 s (enclosed)	+13 dB (enclosed)
UK	53 dBA (open-plan)	0.64 s (open-plan)	-
N. America	72 dBA	0.4 to 1.25 s	-7 to +5 dB
Hong Kong	68 dBA	-	+8.4 dB
New Zealand	77 dBA	0.57 s	+10 dB
Australia	42 dBA (open-plan) 35 dBA (enclosed)	0.7 s (open-plan) 0.5 s (enclosed)	+0.8 dB (open-plan) +15 dB (enclosed)

ANSI's standards: 35 dBA

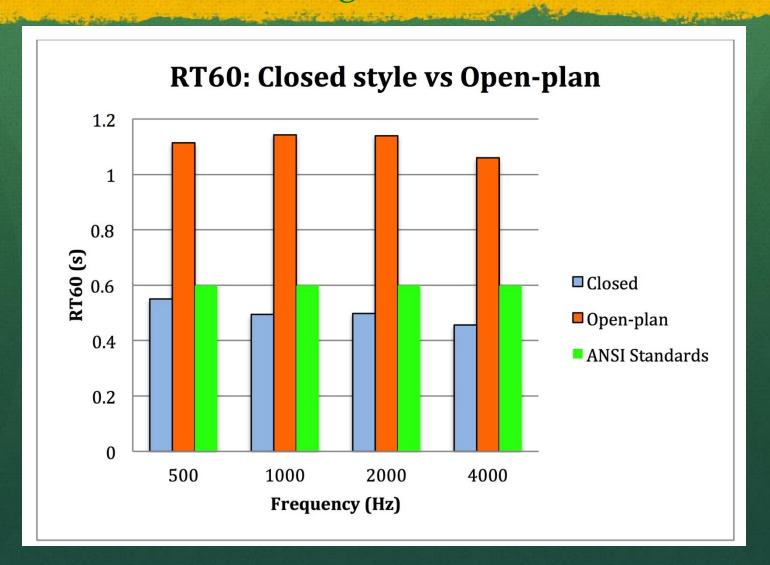
0.6 s

+15 dB (normal hearing) +20 dB (hearing impaired)

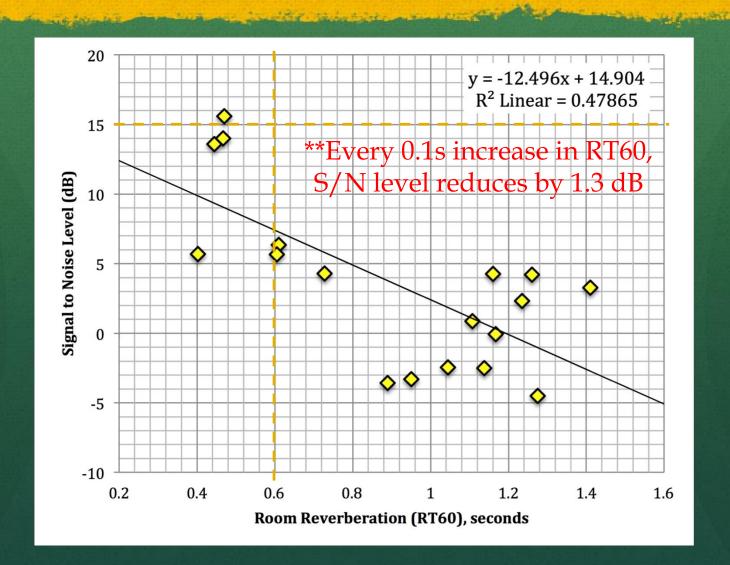
# Ambient sound level: Comparison to ANSI's standards between open-plan and enclosed classroom configurations



# Reverberation: Comparison to ANSI's standards between open-plan and enclosed classroom configurations



## Signal to Noise level vs Reverberation



# Study Hypotheses (Re-cap)



- 14 out of 18 (77.8%) classrooms had their reverberation time above 0.6 s.
- All classrooms (100%) had their baseline ambient sound level above 35 dBA
- 17 out of 18 (94.4%) classrooms had their signal to noise (S/N) level poorer than +15 dB.
- 1 classroom (5.6%) was able to meet 2 out of 3 above acoustical parameters against ANSI's 2010 recommendations on classroom acoustics.

Open-plan
classroom,
w/o acoustic
treatment



- Higher ambient sound level
- More reverberant
- Poorer S/N level
- Unable to meet acoustic standards



Poorer Teaching & Learning Outcome



Enclosed classroom, with acoustic treatment



- Lower ambient sound level
- Less reverberant
- Better S/N level
- Meets most acoustic standards



Better Teaching & Learning Outcome

Preschool Learners



# Acknowledgements

#### Advisers:

Prof. William Hal Martin (Supervisor)

Prof. Cheryl Johnson

Prof. Deanna Meinke

Prof. Elliot Berger

PCF SparkleTots Preschool Centers
Early Childhood Development Agency
MOH Holdings Healthcare Scholarship
dB Acoustic Pte Ltd
Mr Neeraj Kumar (Sonovo)
Mr Randy Sleggs (3M Sr. App Eng)
NUS-Institutional Review Board (IRB)
Department of MSc of Science (Audiology) NUS
Cohort 2: Class of 2015-2017